# Developments in Health and Environment Tracking in Canada

August 9, 2006

Tracks 2006 – Tracking Network Conference
Atlanta GA

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Health Canada



- 10 provinces & 3 territories
- 32.5 million people, 80% urban
- 2<sup>nd</sup> largest country by area
- Advanced economy G8 country
- Life Expectancy: 80.2 years
- Provincial / Territorial jurisdiction for health





## **Environmental Health Issues**

- Water quality
- Indoor environments
- Contaminated sites
- Radiation
- Technologies
- Emergency preparedness

- Air quality
- Food safety
- Toxic chemicals
- Climate change
- Vulnerable populations

- Natural and built environments
- Environmental assessment
- Local / regional / national / international dimensions

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## **Pressures on Environmental Health**

- 10% of total disease burden in Canada due to environment
  - □ \$14 Billion annually in direct health costs
- Health care costs increasing
  - □ 1975 7% GDP; 2005 10.4% GDP
  - □ Public Health accounts for 5.5% of total health expenditures
- Globalization
- Urbanization (90% urban by 2020)
- Intensive natural resource, industrial, technological development
- Public expectations for health protection, prevention, treatment



## **Definition for Environmental Health**

Comprises those aspects of human health, disease, injury and well-being, that are determined by chemical, biological and physical factors in the environment

- includes the effects on health of the broad physical environment and related socio-economic factors
- also the professional practice of assessing, correcting, controlling and preventing environmental risks and promoting the benefits for individuals and communities.



## **Definition for Tracking/Surveillance**

Ongoing, continuous and permanent collection, integration, analysis and interpretation of data about *Hazards, Exposures, Health Effects* and *Interventions* related to environmental factors.

Includes the creation of surveillance products and dissemination of information.



## **Definition for Indicators**

" an expression of the link between environment and health, targeted at an issue of specific policy or management concern, and presented in a form that facilitates interpretation for decision-making."

Corvalan et al, 1996

## Environmental Health Surveillance in Canada

## **Current State:**

- EH surveillance lags behind other health and safety domains
- Health surveillance & environmental monitoring systems exist separately

## **Challenges:**

-Linkages of H&E data -Availability of data -Integration

-Diversity of sources -Compatibility -Standards

-Management -Capacity -Leadership

## **Situation:**

- Strong interest in strengthening national EH surveillance systems
- Pieces of a national network exist and can be built upon

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## **Snapshot of Health Surveillance Systems**

#### **Systems/Programs**

- Canadian Network for Public Health Intelligence
- C-EnterNet (sentinel site surveillance for food & water enteric disease)
- Canadian Perinatal Surveillance System
- West Nile Virus Surveillance
- National Dosimetry Services (occupational radiation)
- Northern Contaminants Program (exposures)

#### **Tools**

- Canadian Integrated Public Health Surveillance Program (computer/database tools)
- Disease Surveillance Online (Cancer, Chronic Diseases, Notifiable Diseases)
- Non-Communicable Diseases Surveillance Infobase



## Snapshot of Health Surveillance Systems (cont.)

#### **National Surveys**

- Canadian Total Diet Studies (contaminants in food)
- Canadian Community Health Surveys (general health & focus content)
- Canadian Health Measures Survey (2007)

#### **Environmental Health Surveillance in Provinces and Territories**

Quebec: Indicators-based, related to Public Health Plans,

14 current indicators, 14 more in future

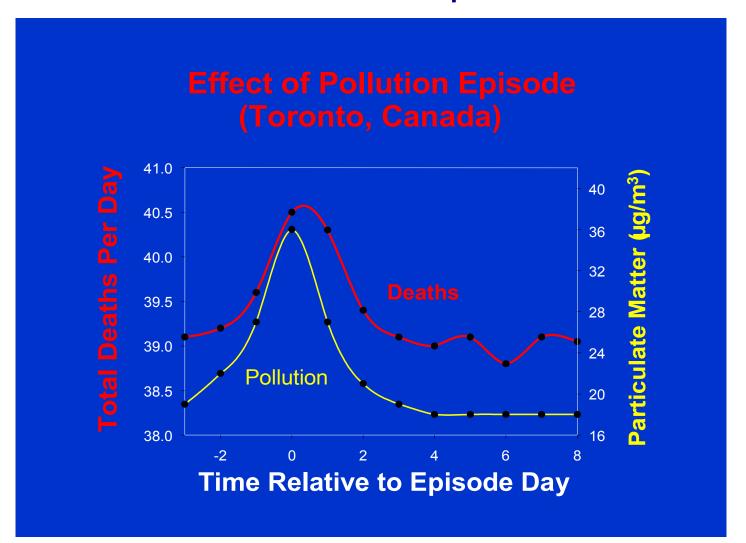
Annual regional reports, Health Status Report every 5 years

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## **Snapshot of Environmental Monitoring Systems**

- Canadian Information System for the Environment
- National Environmental Indicators Series
- National Pollutant Release Inventory
- National Air Pollutant Surveillance Network
- Canadian Atmospheric Measurement Network
- Canadian Radiological Monitoring Network
- Drinking Water Information Management Systems in provinces
- Sport fish Contaminant Monitoring Program (Ontario)

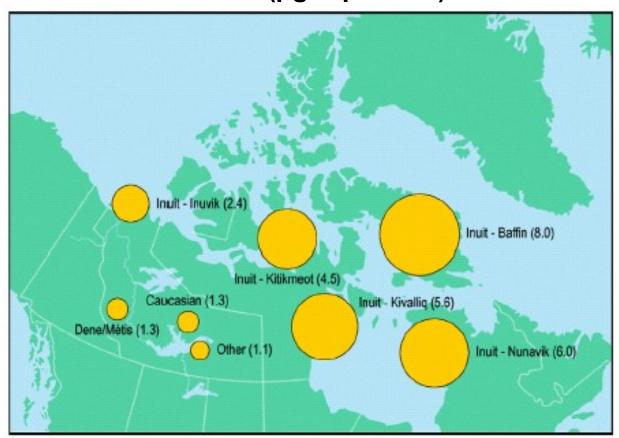
## Integration of Health and Environmental Data Case Example



## **Population Exposure Monitoring**

**Case Example** 

Maternal PCB Levels (as Arochlor 1260) in Arctic Canada (µg/L plasma)



Source: Van Oostdam et al, 2005



## Tracking/Surveillance Task Group

Formed in 2005 under the Federal-Provincial-Territorial Committee on Health and the Environment

- Develops and provides recommendations to parent committee on measures to strengthen tracking
- Members from Health and Environment agencies



# Tracking/Surveillance Concept Paper (Winter 2006)

## Three components to strengthen:

- Tracking Network (information systems)
- Biomonitoring
- Indicators and State of Environmental Health Reporting

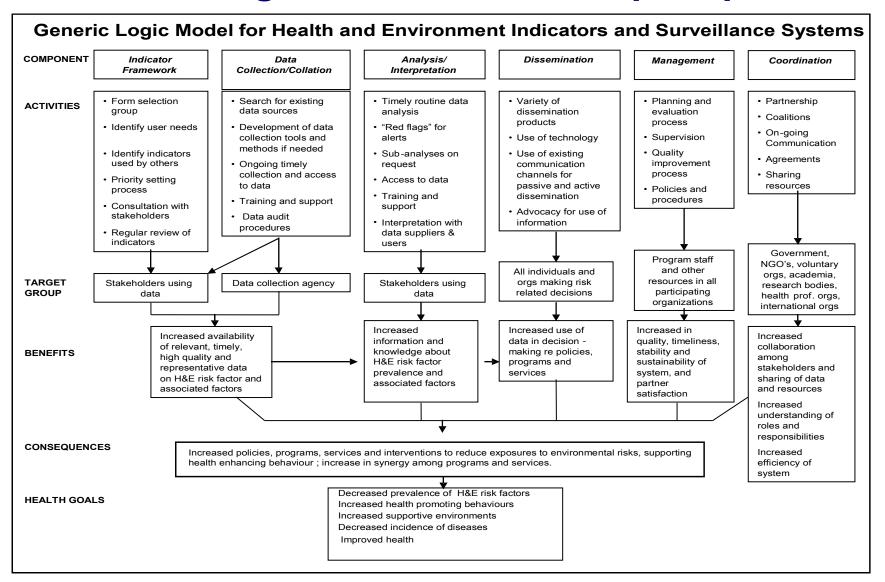


## **Tracking/Surveillance Concept Paper**

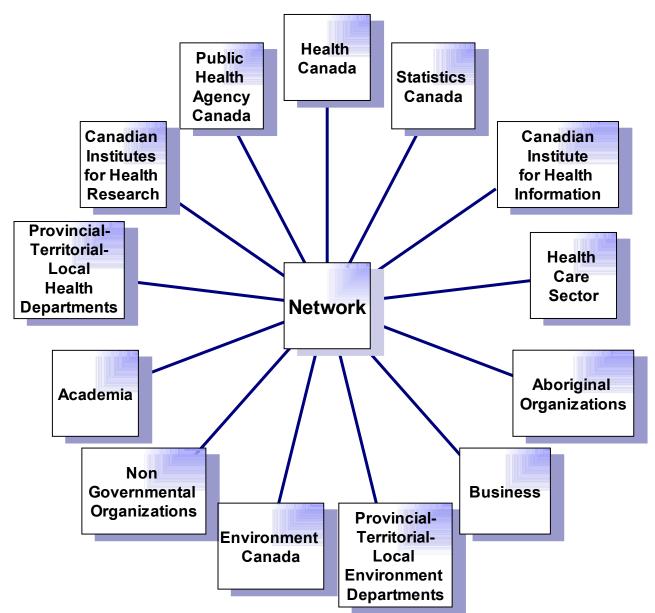
Recommended approaches for strengthening H&E tracking:

- Build upon existing systems and networks
- Consistent with F/P/T priorities and strategies
- Collaborative among health and environment agencies and partners
- Based on indicators and measurements selected by consensus
- Incremental with piloting leading to concrete results

## **Tracking/Surveillance Concept Paper**



## **Tracking/Surveillance Network – Key Players**



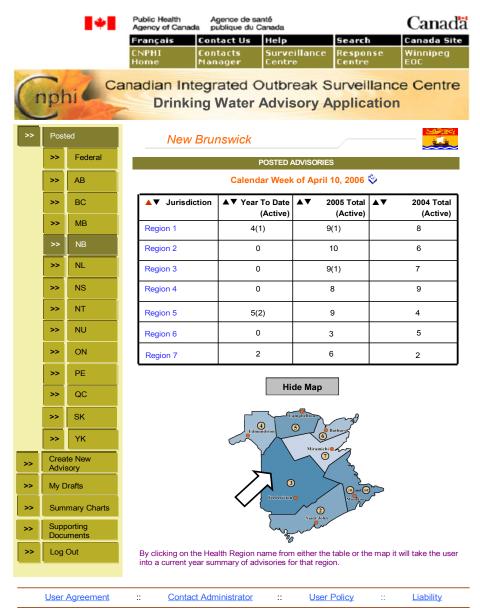


## **Progress – Tracking Network**

- Surveillance, Monitoring and Indicators office being established at Health Canada
  - Strategic planning, coordination, networks and partnerships, reporting, biomonitoring

- Children's Environmental Health Geoportal (pilot project)
  - Online application to access and integrate distributed environmental data and children's health surveillance and socio-demographic data
  - Enable spatio-temporal analysis

## **Progress – Tracking Network**







## Canadian Health Measures Survey (2007-2009)

- Partnership with Statistics Canada
- 5000 Canadians, ages 6-79 years
- Collection of blood and urine
- Biomonitoring measures
  - Metals, PCB, PBDE, OC pesticides, organophosphate pesticides, phenoxy herbicides, phthalates, cotinine, perfluorinated compounds, bisphenol A
- Corresponding questionnaire
- National level population representative sample creating reference values



## **Progress - Indicators**

- Children's Environmental Health Indicators
  - □ National process to identify indicators (2005-2006)
  - □ Indicators report (spring 2006)
  - Pilot project on water-related health indicators (under development)
- Air Health Indicator (under development)
  - Tracking tool to assess change in health risks (mortality) over time related to ambient air pollution in any community
- Source Water Quality Indicator (under development)
  - Measuring, tracking and reporting on source/raw water quality



### In Conclusion

- Health and environment tracking and surveillance are gaining profile
- Will build from existing capacity
- Strengthen networks and partnerships
- Incremental approach